### CITY OF KIRKLAND BUILDING PERMIT APPLICATION Permit #\_\_\_

### ADDITIONS/ALTERATIONS to SINGLE FAMILY/2UNIT or ACCESSORY STRUCTURES (NEW/REPAIR)

(See #8 below for types of Accessory structures)

#1	Site Address:			F	Proj	ect Name:		
	Property Owner					PI	none	
	Property Owner's Address			City, Zip Code				
#2	Describe Job to be Done _ Contractor's Name					Contractor	's Reg. #	
			any Name)					
	Contractor's Address					St	tate UBI #	
	City, Zip Code					PI	none	
	OR – OWNER IS CONTRACTOR RCW Chapter 18.27.110, which	ch prohibits issuing	g permits without pro	of of	regis	stration, and own		nd specialty contractors and
	OWNER/AGENT SIGNATUR						I. DI	
#3	Contact Person							
	Address							
	•					Fa	ax #	
	E-mail Address							
#4	MUST COMPLETE:		•		•	, see checklist att		
	Sewer District					□ No □ Wate	er District	
#5	Estimated Project Cost							
	Lender							
	Address					Phone		
#6	<b>Property Tax Account Num</b>	nber (Parcel #) _						
	Legal Description							
	(Please submit 3 separate 8	½ x 11 copies of t	he legal description	with	this	application if it	will not fit in space p	provided above.)
<b>#7</b>	COMPLETE ALL APPLICABLE:	Total new squa	are footage of res	iden	ce, i	including garag	e/ADU if attached	l:Sq. Ft.
	Single Family Residence	Existing Sq Ft	Added Sq Ft				Existing Sq Ft	Added Sq Ft
	1st Floor			(	Garag	ge		
	2 <sup>nd</sup> Floor			/	ADU			
	3 <sup>rd</sup> Floor				Deck			
	Basement			(	Other	r		
#8	COMPLETE ALL APPLICABLE:		Total new square	foo	tage	of Accessory S	Structure:	Sq. Ft.
	Accessory Structure	Existing Sq Ft	New or Added Sq	Ft				
	☐ Carport				Į.	■ Dock - ■New	Repair	
	☐ Barn				Ţ	■ Rockery		
	■ Detached Studio	<u> </u>				■ Retaining Wall		
	☐ Shed/Shop	L			[	Swimming Po	ol	
	Other - describe:							
	If partial demolition work is pure details and to obtain asbestos for		_			_		
	questions, by phone 1-800-552-3	,						STILLITE OF TO ASK OTHER
#9	By signing this application, I autho	rize employees/agent	s of the City of Kirkland	to en	iter or	nto the property whi	ch is the subject of this	application during regular
	business hours. The sole purpose r penalty of perjury that the information fu							of the above premises to perform the
work for whic	th permit application is made. I further a may be made by any person, including i	gree to save harmless th	he City of Kirkland as to an	y clain	n (inclu	uding costs, expenses,	and attorney's fees incurred	d in investigation and defense of such
	inay be made by any person, including to appoint the accuracy of the information sup-			anu, L	rut UIII	iy wilele sucil cialill a	inses out or the reliance o	i the only, including its officers and
OWNFR/A	GENT:					DATF.		

**NOTE:** For information on recycling construction and landclearing (CDL) debris, please go to <a href="www.kingcounty.gov">www.kingcounty.gov</a> and enter "recycling construction debris" in the search box (King County is migrating their web site from MetroKC.gov to KingCounty.gov so this is the most functional way to find this web page at this time.)

#10

Mechanical Appliances		Size		Fuel	Size
(G = Natural Gas, E = Electric, OT = Other)		(BTU/kW)		Type	(BTU/kW)
No. AC UnittonsHP			Vent Fans		
Clothes Dryers			Woodstoves/Fireplaces		
Furnace			Gas Fireplace insert		
Gas Piping feet			Unit Heater/Wall Heater		
Log Lighters/BBQ's			Ranges		
Thermostat Wiring LF			Boilers/Compressors		

A.	Fixture Units: Total number of Fixtures x Fixture Multiplier = Total Fixture Units
B.	Distance from meter to most remote outlet: feet.
C.	Difference in elevation between meter and highest fixture: feet above meter or feet below meter.
D.	Pressure in street main: psi. (Measure with pressure gauge or check with water district.)

Plumbing Fixtures	Accessory Dwelling Unit			Main Residence			Total Fixture # X Multiplier	*Total Fixture Units
	Existing	New	Move	Existing	New	Move		
Bar Sink							X 1.0 =	
Bathtub or Combination Bath/Shower							X 4.0 =	
Bidet							X 1.0 =	
Clothes washer, Domestic							X 4.0 =	
Dishwasher, Domestic							X 1.5 =	
Hose Bibb, First							X 2.5 =	
Hose Bibb, Each Additional							X 1.0 =	
Kitchen Sink, Domestic							X 1.5 =	
Laundry Sink							X 1.5 =	
Lavatory (Bathroom Sink)							X 1.0 =	
Lawn Sprinkler, Each Head							X 1.0 =	
Shower (Stand Alone)- List Each Head							X 2.0 =	
Water Closet, (Toilet)							X 2.5 =	
Other:							X =	
Traps (Other than above items)							TOTAL	
Water Heater							FIXTURE UNITS:	
COLUMN							Using alternate Tab	le L-1
TOTALS:							Total Fixture count:	

NOTE: TOTAL NUMBER AND TYPE OF PLUMBING FIXTURES MUST BE ENTERED ON THIS TABLE even if you choose to use the Alternate Plumbing Systems table L-1 on the next page. If you use the Alternate Plumbing System table, please enter the total fixture count from that page at the bottom of this table.

A total fixture count is needed to determine what size	the water meter need	ds to be to support the fi	xture demand.
--	----------------------	----------------------------	---------------

	OFFICE USE ONLY (PLEASE DO NO	T WRITE BELOW)		
MINIMUM METER SIZE: INCHES	MINIMUM BUILDING SUPPLY:	INCHES	PRV. NEEDED? YES	NO



# CITY OF KIRKLAND UNIFORM PLUMBING CODE – WATER SUPPLY FIXTURE UNITS

#### ALTERNATE PLUMBING SYSTEMS using 2009 UPC TABLE L-1

(You have the option of using the Alternate Plumbing system Table L-1 to figure the fixture units by grouping fixtures into Kitchen units, Bathroom units, and Laundry units)

#### **Individual Dwelling Units**

Based on Bathroom Groups having 1.6 GPF Gravity-Tank Water Closets	Main Residence Groups	*ADU Groups - If applicable	Total Fixture Units
Half-Bath or Powder Room (Use this if no other bathroom groups)	+	x	3.5
*1 Bathroom Group	+	X	5.0
*1 ½ Bathrooms	+	X	6.0
*2 Bathrooms	+	X	7.0
*2 ½ Bathrooms	+	X	8.0
*3 Bathrooms	+	X	9.0
*Pick the group that most describes the overall house and/or Accessory Dwelling Unit from the list above.			
** Then add from choices below for additional Bathrooms or $rac{1}{2}$ baths:			
**Each additional ½ Bath	+	X	0.5
**Each additional Bathroom Group	+	x	1.0
Kitchen Group (Sink and Dishwasher)	+	x	2.0
Laundry Group (Sink and Clothes Washer)	+	X	5.0
Additional units not on Table L-1			
Bidet	+	X	1.0
Bar sink	+	X	1.0
Hose Bib, First Hose Bib, Each Additional	+		2.5
HOSE BID, Each Additional	+	X	1.0
Additional Units not listed, use preceding table 6-4 to figure fixture count (Including lawn sprinkler heads)  *See lawn sprinkler exception below	+	x	
Зее тамп эртпктег ехсерцоп регом		<b>Total Fixture Units</b>	
<ol> <li>Notes:</li> <li>A bathroom group, for the purpose of this table, consists or one shower.</li> <li>A half-bath or powder room, for the purposes of this table.</li> <li>See Appendix L for scope and application of alternate plus</li> </ol>	e, consists of one water		
Declaration for Lawn Sprinkler exception from fixture count:  I declare that the lawn sprinklers will be on a timer that will operate	the sprinklers during per	iods of low demand only.	

Date

**Signed by Owner or Agent** 

#12	Stormwater Drainage Requirements  All projects creating 500ft <sup>2</sup> new impervious surface area 2009 King County Surface Water Design Manual and the drainage review below. More information is located in the D-3, which are available at the PW counter or at:  www.ci.kirkland.wa.us/depart/Public_Works/Development Approved_Plans/Storm_Drainage.htm.	e COK Addendum. Choose the type of he PW Pre-Approved Plans, Policies D-2 and
	☐ Small Project Drainage Review Type I	☐ Targeted Project Drainage Review
	□ Small Project Drainage Review Type II	☐ Full Project Drainage Review



#### RODENT ABATEMENT DECLARATION

Municipal Code at the following project location:	
Property Owner Name	_
Project Address	_
Permit Number	
Signature (Required Owner or Contractor)	<u> </u>
	_

I have read and hereby certify that I will comply with Sections 9.04.010 through 9.04.050 of the Kirkland

# Chapter 9.04 RODENT CONTROL

- 9.04.010 Chapter purpose.
- 9.04.020 Duty to keep buildings and premises free of rodents—Right of entry for inspection.
- 9.04.030 Duty to eradicate rodent infestation.
- 9.04.040 Rat baiting.
- 9.04.050 Violations of this chapter.
- 9.04.010 Chapter purpose.

It is the purpose of this chapter to protect the public health and safety and prevent the spread of infectious and contagious diseases by rats, mice, and other rodents. (Ord. 3873 § 2 (part), 2002)

9.04.020 Duty to keep buildings and premises free of rodents—Right of entry for inspection.

The owner or occupant of real property shall keep all buildings and premises free from rats, mice and other rodents, to the extent reasonably possible, as determined by the building official. A property owner or occupant shall take all necessary measures to ensure that rats, mice or other rodents do not come into contact with food, food products, goods or merchandise. Subject to applicable constitutional and statutory constraints on entry, the building official or his appointed representative shall be permitted access to property or buildings for the purpose of ascertaining the presence of rats, mice and other rodents. (Ord. 3873 § 2 (part), 2002)

9.04.030 Duty to eradicate rodent infestation.

If rat, mice or other rodent infestation occurs, a property owner or occupant shall take all necessary measures to eradicate the infestation and prevent future infestation. In addition, the owner or occupant of the property shall perform all eradication measures as reasonably required by the building official. The provisions of this section shall not apply to wetlands, unimproved parks, greenbelts or other unimproved property if the property owner or occupant has not committed any acts or omissions that increase the likelihood of rat, mice or other rodent infestation. (Ord. 3873 § 2 (part), 2002)

#### 9.04.040 Rat baiting.

All applicants for a demolition or a land surface modification permit and those persons undertaking a land clearing project shall initiate a rat baiting program on the project site at least fifteen days prior to the start of demolition, clearing or land surface modification activity. The baiting program must continue at least until the project begins, however, no demolition, clearing or land surface modification work shall commence until all significant rat activity has been abated even if it has been fifteen or more days since the initiation of the rat baiting program, unless approved by the building official. The rat baiting program shall be approved by a qualified pest control agent and be consistent with the Seattle-King County Health Department guidelines and recommendations for rat baiting. The use of any pesticides shall fully comply with WAC 162-28-1380. The building official shall not issue or deliver any demolition or land surface modification permit, nor shall any land clearing begin, until the applicant has filed with the city a copy of the rat baiting program and a declaration, under penalty of perjury, that the requirements of this section have been complied with. The rat baiting program may be terminated at any time, due to the lack of rat activity, upon a written recommendation of the pest control agent or upon approval of the building official, however, the program must be reinstated upon discovery of additional rat activity by the pest control agent or the building official and all work may be required to be stopped until the additional rat activity has been abated as determined in writing by the pest control or upon approval of the building official. At the discretion of the building official, a project unlikely to disturb a nesting place of rats may be exempted from the requirements of this section. (Ord. 4053 § 1, 2006: Ord. 3873 § 2 (part), 2002)

#### 9.04.050 Violations of this chapter.

The building official is hereby authorized and empowered to enforce this chapter. Violation of this chapter constitutes a misdemeanor. Violation of this chapter also constitutes a public nuisance which may be abated or remediated pursuant to Chapter 11.24 of the Kirkland Municipal Code. The remedies prescribed in this chapter are in addition to all other remedies provided for or authorized by law. (Ord. 3873 § 2 (part), 2002)

# **Pest Control Companies**

Name	Address	Phone	E-mail
Advantage Pest Control	P.O. 12663 Mill Creek, 98082-0663	425-453-4529	
Alderwood Pest Control	P.O. Box 55173 Seattle, WA 98155	800-499-2985	
Arrow Pest Control	P.O. Box 2176 Mount Vernon, WA 98273	425-259-8117	
Cascade Pest Control	14950 SE Allen Rd. Bellevue, WA 98006	425-641-6264	nopests@cascadepest.com
Eastside Exterminators	12535 Totem Lake Blvd NE Kirkland, WA	(425) 820-1137 (425) 454-6107	
Eden Advanced Pest Tech.	309 S. Cloverdale STE B6 Seattle, WA 98108	206-571-8262	waynes@edenpest2.com
Homegard Pest Control	11410 NE 124 <sup>a</sup> #514 Kirkland, WA 98034	425-821-7038	homegardservices@aol.com
Orkin Exterminating CO Inc	5113 Pacific Highway East Tacoma, WA 98424	425-803-0454 800-562-5610	
Pestec	P.O. Box 2972 Renton, WA 98056	425-643-1664	
Sprague Pest Control Specialists	***Commercial Only 1136 Poplar PI S Seattle, WA 98144.	800-421-0083	
Terminators Pest Control	14243 SE 22 <sup>nd</sup> St Bellevue, WA 98007	425-823-8351	pestguy1@aol.com
Townsend Pest Control	11630 Slater Ave NE #5 Kirkland, WA 98034	425-392-2213	info@sunrisepest.com
United Pest Solutions	1341 N. Northlake Way, Ste 200 Seattle, WA 98103	425-747-1003	
Willard's Pest Control	13611 NE 126 <sup>a</sup> PI, Ste 200 Kirkland, WA 98034	425-451-7288	
Terminix Pest Control	11822 North Creek Pkwy N. #103 Bothell, WA 98011	800-772-8173	Tmx2141@terminix.com

NOTE: This is a list of certified rodent abatement companies who have submitted their names for your convenience. Please be advised that it is your responsibility to establish whether or not the services of a particular company are suitable for your needs. The City of Kirkland is not responsible for the work performed by the company that you retain.



## **City of Kirkland Survey Policy**

Because many construction projects in the City of Kirkland are constructed to the minimum setbacks and maximum heights, accurate survey information is needed for City Staff to review plans and conduct inspections. Property Line (Boundary) and Topographic Survey documents shall be stamped and signed by a Washington State Licensed Surveyor. A copy of an existing survey document may be used if it is legible and includes a signed surveyor's stamp and the original survey markers are still in place.

<u>Property Line (Boundary) Surveys</u> – A property line survey is required for building permits for all new structures and additions to an existing structure. The survey is required to be submitted with the permit application.

Exception: A Property Line Survey is not required for residential deck additions or alterations. A Property Line Survey is also not required with Building Permits for single-family additions or new single-family accessory buildings if **all** of the following conditions are met:

- A. The structure is at least two feet away from all assumed building setback lines; and
- B. The assumed property line is marked by a fence or other similar feature; and
- C. There are no known property line disputes regarding the specific property line.

<u>Topographic Surveys</u> - A Topographic Survey with <u>two foot</u> contour intervals is required for building permits for all new structures and additions to existing structures. The survey is required to be submitted with the permit application.

Exception: A Topographic Survey is not required with a Building Permit for a new single-family residence, single-family addition, single-family accessory building, or commercial or multi-family additions less than 1,000 square feet if **one** of the following conditions is met;

- A. The lot is essentially level there is no grade change greater than <u>two feet</u> between property corners; or
- B. The building footprint (excluding uncovered decks) is changing less than 25%, the height of the addition does not exceed the height of the existing roof line, and the addition is not being made on a part of the property that is topographically lower than the existing building; or
- C. The proposed building is designed to be <u>two or more feet</u> less than the maximum building height allowed for the property.

**<u>Building Height Field Verification</u>** — The owner or owner's agent must provide height verification as required below for all new buildings and additions to an existing building.

- A. A completed, signed, and dated height verification form must be submitted to the building inspector at either the underfloor inspection or the slab insulation inspection.
- B. A height survey, by a licensed surveyor, must be submitted to the building inspector at the time of the roof sheathing inspection for structures that will be within <u>one foot</u> of the maximum allowed height.

**<u>Building Height Field Verification</u>** - Building Height Field Verification is required for any building that is designed within one foot of the maximum building height allowed for the property. The Field Verification shall comply with the following:

- A. The verification will be required at the time of the first floor underfloor inspection; and
- B. The verification will be conducted by a Licensed Surveyor\*\*; or
- C. The verification will be conducted by the contractor using their own curvey equipment in the presence of the building inspector if the contractor can demonstrate that the height is correct based on the measurement from the approved benchmark.

Note: When a contractor is verifying the height with their own survey equipment, the contractor shall have the equipment set up at least 30 minutes prior to the arrival of the Building Inspector. If the equipment is not set up, the contractor will need to reschedule the inspection for the following day.

"If the building is designed within <u>one inch</u> of the height limit, then a Licensed Surveyor shall verify the height.

### **BUILDING HEIGHT TABLE**

(Applicant Must Complete)

MAXIMUM HEIGHT OF STRUCTURE ALLOWED see KZC 5.10.357 and applicable Use Zone Chart	BENCHMARK LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION (be specific)	BENCHMARK ELEVATION	FINISHED FIRST FLOOR ELEVATION	HEIGHT DIFFERENCE BETWEEN BENCHMARK AND FINISHED FIRST FLOOR ELEVATIONS	AVERAGE BUILDING ELEVATION (ABE) see KZC 115.59	ELEVATION OF HIGHEST POINT OF ANY ELEMENT OR FEATURE see KZC 115.60 for exceptions

Staff Use Only:

Building Height Field Verification is required: Yes or No (circle one)

If yes,

Building Height Field Verification by Licensed Surveyor (if within 1" of height limit): Yes or No (circle one)

3-10-08



### **CHECKLIST FOR SINGLE-FAMILY ADDITIONS AND/OR ALTERATIONS**

1.	Three sets of plans (plans done in pencil are not accepted) with a 4th Copy of the site plan:
	a. <u>4 copies of the Site plan</u> - show all existing buildings and driveways and the location of the proposed addition and/or alteration. Show cross streets. Include the dimensions to all property lines. <b>Because significant trees are potentially impacted by proposed addition/alteration activity,</b> show all significant trees with tree drip line, and show all proposed trees to be removed as part of this project. See Planning Department for the appropriate Tree Retention Plan with this project. See Kirkland Zoning Code Chapter 95.30.
	b. <b>3 sets of Construction drawings</b> - show all structural details, including foundation, framing and roof. If the addition and/or alteration is attached to the existing structure or within 10 feet of the existing structure, you will be required to show exterior details (i.e., windows, doorways, steps, decks, etc.) of the existing structure and designation of existing use of rooms and areas.
2.	<u>2 sets, if required</u> : Average Building Elevations calculations will be required if there is any change in the roof line, if the addition is two stories or more, or if the addition is occurring on a portion of the site with lower topography.
3.	<u>2 sets, if required:</u> City of Kirkland energy forms relative to the Washington State Energy Code, completed for all residential additions and/or alterations. Forms available at: http://www.energy.wsu.edu/code/
4.	Indicate method of Whole House Ventilation on the plans. Must comply with 2009 IRC section M1508 as amended by the State of Washington.
5.	<b>2 Copies, if required</b> : A report prepared by a professional engineer may be required if addition will occur on or within 25' of a regulated slope or on an area containing soft compressible soils.
6.	<u>Completed Building Permit Application</u> . Boxes 1-9 must be completed, and boxes 10-11 must be completed when new mechanical and/or plumbing fixtures are moved and/or added to the addition and/or alteration.
7.	If including partial demolition work with this application, you must contact the Clean Air Agency regarding Asbestos Abatement requirements. For full details and to obtain asbestos forms, instructions and regulations go online: <a href="http://www.pscleanair.org/asbestos/asbe-cont-info.shtml">http://www.pscleanair.org/asbestos/asbe-cont-info.shtml</a> or to ask other questions, by phone 1-800-552-3565. Failure to comply with asbestos requirements may result in penalties.  By signing this application, I acknowledge that I understand and will comply with the Puget Sound Clean Air Organization's requirements regarding Asbestos Abatement.
8.	If electrical work will be done, a separate electrical permit will be required. Electrical permits can be obtained at the Kirkland Building Department, or on-line through <a href="https://www.mybuildingpermit.com">www.mybuildingpermit.com</a> . Call 425-587-3605 for electrical inspections.
9.	If on a Septic System, and you are adding bedrooms, please contact The Public Health Department for their requirements at 206-296-4600. You may also visit their website regarding septic systems and remodels at: http://www.metrokc.gov/HEALTH/wastewater/owners/index.htm
10.	When plans are prepared by a licensed design professional, all plans and supporting documents must be stamped and signed by designer(s) of record.
11.	Contractor's UBI number and contractor's license number are required prior to issuance.

Single Family Site Plan General Requirements: Review the next two pages.

Checklist continues after site plan requirements.



# **City of Kirkland**

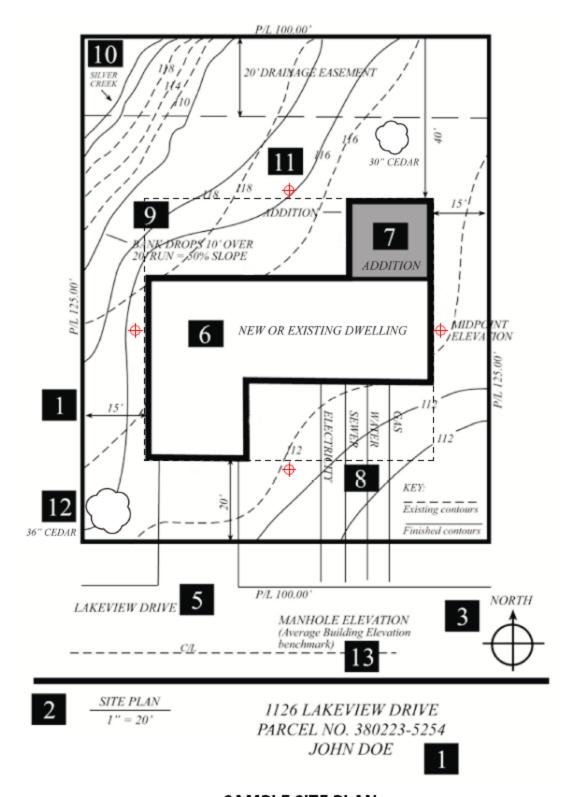
#### **Single Family Site Plan General Requirements**

Many different permits *require* a site plan (sometimes called a "plot" plan), which is a detailed and accurate map of the subject property. A complete and accurate site plan, drawn to scale, is important to avoid delays in the review and approval of your project. A complete site plan will include all the site features and information (depending on your site, of course) listed below. **On the next sheet** is a typical site plan.

NOTE: Construction of right-of-way improvements along the frontage of the property is required for all new single family residences, and all single family additions with a value greater than \$200,000 (value of addition is determined using published Building Valuation Data available at the Building or Public Works Departments. The right-of-way improvements plan must be designed by a licensed civil engineer. These improvements include sidewalks, curbs and gutters, underground storm drainage, planter strip and street trees, and alley paving, among other items. For more information about this requirement, contact the Public Works Department at 425-587-3800.

1	The <b>property owner's name</b> , the assessor's <b>parcel number</b> and the site's <b>address</b> .
2	The map <b>scale</b> . A scale of $1"=20'$ is typical, but others, $1/8"=1'0"$ for example, are also acceptable.
3	A <b>North arrow</b> indicating the direction North.
4	All <b>property lines</b> , all <b>easements</b> (utilities, access, etc.), and site <b>dimensions</b> . Show the <b>distances</b> between buildings, and from buildings to all property lines.
5	All <b>streets</b> and <b>alleys</b> , with <b>street names</b> . Show all existing and/or proposed <b>driveways</b> (include surface materials).
6	The location and dimensions of all existing and proposed buildings. Identify each building by its use (garage, residence, etc.).Include decks, retaining walls and rockeries, and the like.
7	Clear <b>distinction</b> between the <b>existing</b> building and <b>proposed addition</b> . Also show any buildings to be <b>demolished</b> .
8	Locations of sewer, water, electricity, and gas lines, and any underground storage tanks.

	T
9	Any <b>steep slopes</b> (15% or greater) and/or <b>fill</b> areas.
10	All <b>surface water</b> (creeks, streams, ponds, wetland, etc.) within 100 feet of the property.
11	Accurate <b>existing</b> and <b>finished topography</b> of site shown with <b>2-foot contour</b> intervals.
12	Must meet Tree Retention Plan standards. See Planning Department for required Tree Retention Plan handout.
13	Relevant Average Building Elevation information, including midpoint and benchmark elevations.
Note:	Lot coverage and supporting calculations. Can be on a separate sheet.
Note:	FAR (Floor Area Ratio) and supporting Calculations. Can be on a separate sheet.
Note:	Show structures to be demolished.  Describe structures to be demolished; i.e. detached garage, shed, single family house.
Note:	Erosion and Sedimentation Control (ESC) Plan, which includes both a site plan and a narrative report. Requirements of small site ESC Plans are located in Appendix D of the 2009 King County Surface Water Design Manual, and are available at the PW Counter or at: http://www.kingcounty.gov/environment/watera ndland/stormwater/documents/surface-water- design-manual.aspx



#### SAMPLE SITE PLAN

- Lot coverage and supporting calculations. Can be on a seperate sheet.
- FAR (Floor Area Ratio) and supporting Calculations. Can be on a seperate sheet.
- Erosion and Sedimentation Control plan required on site per example ESC plan (attached).
- Show structures to be demolished. Describe structures to be demolished.

- 12. <u>Floor Area Ratios</u> (FAR) (not applicable in Houghton). Provide calculations by structure (garage, house, shed, etc) and area in square feet by floor (basement, 1st floor, 2nd floor, attic) of existing and proposed structures. FAR calculations must include:
  - 1) Attic area with five feet or more headroom, and
  - Any floor area where the top of the supporting members of the ceiling is six feet or more above finished grade, and
  - 3) Attached garages
  - 4) Accessory structures within 20 feet of the main structure, and
  - 5) Floor area with a ceiling height greater than 16 feet shall be calculated as follows:
    - The first 100 square feet of such floor area, in aggregate, shall be calculated only once toward allowable FAR; and

Floor area in excess of the first 100 square feet shall be calculated at twice the actual floor area toward allowable FAR.

#### 13. 2 HARD COPIES AND AN ELECTRONIC COPY (if required): Stormwater Drainage Report/TIR.

A hard copy and an electronic copy (pdf) of the Drainage Report/TIR are required for projects meeting the requirements for Small Project Type II, Targeted, and Full Drainage Reviews. Use the appropriate drainage report template depending on the project size and scope; the templates are available at the PW counter or in the FAQ section at: <a href="http://www.ci.kirkland.wa.us/depart/Public\_Works/Storm\_\_\_Surface\_Water/Stormwater\_Update.htm">http://www.ci.kirkland.wa.us/depart/Public\_Works/Storm\_\_\_Surface\_Water/Stormwater\_Update.htm</a>

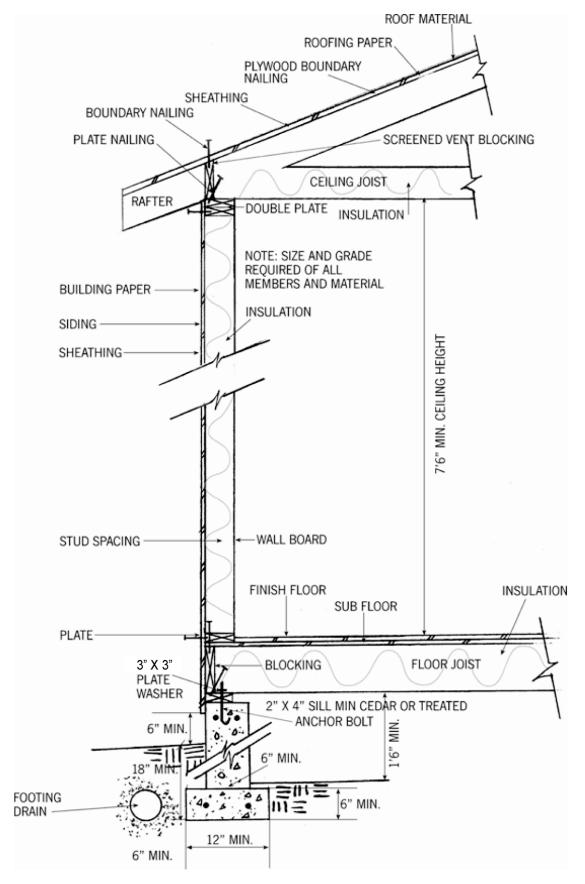
#### 14. 2 COPIES (if required): \*NEW\* Stormwater Low Impact Development Feasibility Evaluation Worksheet.

This worksheet is required for all projects meeting the requirements for Small Project Type II, Targeted, and Full Drainage Reviews. The worksheet will help define the drainage design parameters for the project. The form is in Policy L-1 of the PW Pre-Approved Plans, and is available in the permit application packet, at the PW counter, or at:

http://www.ci.kirkland.wa.us/depart/Public\_Works/Development/Pre-Approved\_Plans/LID\_Storm\_Facilities.htm

Note: The applicant must evaluate the site drainage, complete the Feasibility Worksheet, and present it with the building plans at intake, or the plans will not be accepted.

Check with Public Works to see if this would be required for your addition project. 425-587-3800



SAMPLE OF A TYPICAL CROSS SECTION DRAWING

#### CALCULATING AVERAGE BUILDING ELEVATION



#### **CITY OF KIRKLAND**

Planning and Community Development Department 123 Fifth Avenue, Kirkland, WA 98033 425.587-3225 www.ci.kirkland.wa.us

#### NOTE:

INCOMPLETE AVERAGE
BUILDING ELEVATION
INFORMATION COULD
SUBSTANTIALLY DELAY THE
PROCESSING OF YOUR
APPLICATION

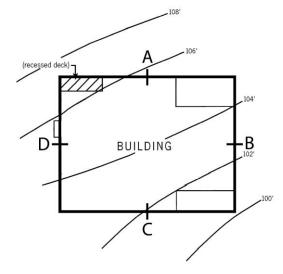
No part of a structure may exceed the maximum height above "Average Building Elevation" specified in the applicable use zone section of the Zoning Code except for minor elements of a structure as specified in Zoning Code Section 5.10.045 **defines Average Building Elevation as:** 

"The weighted average elevation of the topography, prior to any development activity, either at the center of all exterior walls of a building or structure, either (Option 1) under the footprint of a building as measured by delineating the smallest rectangle which can enclose the building footprint and then averaging the elevations taken at the midpoint of each side of the rectangle or (Option 2) a second, more complicated, option for calculating Average Building Elevation is available. Contact the Planning Department at 425-587-3225 for details. When a building or structure contains townhouses or other attached but otherwise independent building units the average building elevation is calculated separately for each unit."

#### **AVERAGE BUILDING ELEVATION FORMULA**

#### Option 1

(Midpoint Elevations) x (Length of Wall Segments) (Total Length of Wall Segments)



Calculating Average Building Elevation

 $(\underline{A \times a}) + (\underline{B \times b}) + (\underline{C \times c}) + (\underline{D \times d}) = \text{Average Building Elevation (ABE)}$ a + b + c + d

Where A, B, C, D...= Existing Ground Elevation at <u>Midpoint</u> of Rectangle Segment\* And a, b, c, d...= Length of Rectangle Segment

Midpoint Elevation	Rectangle
	Segment Length
A = 105.6	a = 47'
B = 102.5	b = 40'
C = 101.9	c = 47'
D = 105.2	d = 40'

Site Plan Not to scale

#### **CALCULATION EXAMPLE:**

(105.6)(47)+(102.5)(40)+(101.9)(47)+(105.2)(40)	=	<u>18,060.5</u>	=	103.80 ABE
47 + 40 + 47 + 40		174		

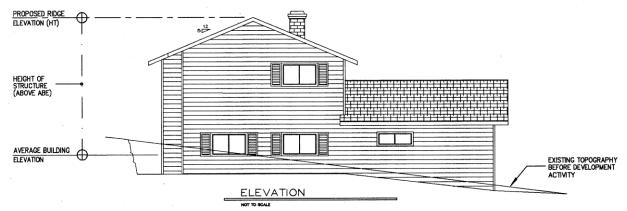
<sup>\*</sup>Rectangle shall not include those items allowed to extend into required yards through KZC 115.115(3)(d).

# BEFORE SUBMITTING YOUR CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS, CHECK TO SEE THAT YOU HAVE PROVIDED THE INFORMATION BELOW. CALL THE PLANNING DEPARTMENT TO FIND THE MAXIMUM HEIGHT ABOVE ABE FOR YOUR ZONING DISTRICT.

L	] .	The site plai	n and the	elevation	drawings	must be	drawn t	o scale,	for example	1"=20'.
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- Clearly show existing topography on your site plan. Topography should be shown in 2' (min.) increments.
- Submit (with the site plan) your average building elevation calculations using the formula provided on the front side of this page.
- Indicate on an elevation drawing where the average building elevation strikes the building and show the proposed ridge elevation (see below for example).
- Indicate on the **site plan** the elevation of the finished floor or garage slab.
- Indicate the **elevation** and **location** of a **fixed point (benchmark)** within the ADJACENT RIGHT-OF-WAY or other point approved by the Planning Department. The benchmark elevation and location **must** be provided and cannot be a part of the proposed structure. Note: Benchmark must be established, verified and remain during construction so height can be verified when completed.
- Include portions of the structure that are covered by roof in the ABE calculation even if they do not have walls. Cantilevered portions enclosing interior space must be included in the ABE calculation.
- Sections of the structure that are below the existing grade and do not have a wall that extends above the existing grade, are not used in the ABE calculation. Building wall segments more than 4' in height above finished grade and enclosing interior space are included in the ABE calculation.
- For additions, you must provide an average building elevation calculation for the entire structure.
- Vents & chimneys may exceed the maximum height (for detached dwelling units)

### **CROSS-SECTION REPRESENTATION OF ABE**



Last Revised: 01/2010

#### CITY OF KIRKLAND

123 FIFTH AVENUE ☐ KIRKLAND, WASHINGTON 98033-6189 ☐ (425) 587-3800

# DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS PRE-APPROVED PLANS POLICY

#### Policy L-1: FEASIBILITY OF STORMWATER LOW IMPACT DEVELOPMENT (LID)

Applicants for projects meeting the threshold for drainage review (except Small Project Type I) must evaluate the feasibility and applicability of full dispersion and full infiltration. If full dispersion and full infiltration is not feasible, the applicant must still implement one or more stormwater LID best management practices (BMP) for a portion of the site.

The Stormwater LID Feasibility Evaluation Worksheets that accompany this policy are intended to be used by the applicant to aid in the feasibility determination. Some factors that can determine feasibility are: physical limitations of the site, engineering limitations, and financial costs. Applicants should submit the Stormwater LID Feasibility Evaluation Worksheets, along with other documentation (if applicable), with the permit application. Applicants should consult the 2009 King County Surface Water Design Manual (KCSWDM), section 5.2.1, for specific criteria of the evaluation process.

City policy is to require the installation of stormwater LID to the maximum extent feasible. The City also acknowledges that stormwater LID may not work on every site. If the evaluation indicates standard LID options listed in the worksheets may not be feasible, please contact City surface water staff at (425) 587-3800 to discuss site specifics. City staff may be able to assist applicants with other LID options.

Regardless of stormwater LID feasibility, the applicant must meet all flow control and water quality treatment requirements applicable to the project. LID BMPs can be counted towards those requirements. All stormwater LID BMPs must be designed and installed according to the 2009 KCSWDM, COK Addendum, and the PW Pre-Approved Plans.

Small and Targeted Projects



Date:

## **Stormwater Low Impact Development (LID)** Feasibility Evaluation Worksheet For Small Project Type II<sup>1</sup> & Targeted<sup>2</sup> Projects

The purpose of this form is to assist the applicant evaluate the feasibility of stormwater LID. This form should be submitted along with the permit application.

Project Name:  Project Address:  Parcel Number(s):  Applicant/Design Engineer Firm and Name:  Project Use: SFR MF COM COM/IND  Type of Drainage Review: Small Project Type II Targeted  Site Area (sq. ft.):  Applicants are required to evaluate the feasibility and applicability of full dispersion for roof area or an area of equivalent size on a project.  Feasibility items to consider for Dispersion Yes No  Does the site contain open space available for dispersion? (100ft flowpath)  The site does not contain steep slopes, and is not located adjacent to a steep slope? (15% or greater)  The site does not contain sensitive areas, and is not located adjacent to a sensitive area? (stream, wetland, or lake)  Is dispersion not likely to cause or aggravate potential flooding or erosion problems to neighboring properties?			
Parcel Number(s):  Applicant/Design Engineer Firm and Name:  Project Use: SFR MF COM COM/IND  Type of Drainage Review: Small Project Type II Targeted  Site Area (sq. ft.):  Applicants are required to evaluate the feasibility and applicability of full dispersion for roof area or an area of equivalent size on a project.  Feasibility items to consider for Dispersion Yes No  Does the site contain open space available for dispersion? (100ft flowpath)  The site does not contain steep slopes, and is not located adjacent to a steep slope? (15% or greater)  The site does not contain sensitive areas, and is not located adjacent to a sensitive area? (stream, wetland, or lake)  Is dispersion not likely to cause or aggravate potential flooding or erosion	Project Name:		
Applicant/Design Engineer Firm and Name:  Project Use: SFR	Project Address:		
Project Use: SFR MF COM COM/IND  Type of Drainage Review: Small Project Type II Targeted  Site Area (sq. ft.):  Roof Area (sq. ft.):  Applicants are required to evaluate the feasibility and applicability of full dispersion for roof area or an area of equivalent size on a project.  Feasibility items to consider for Dispersion  Does the site contain open space available for dispersion? (100ft flowpath)  The site does not contain steep slopes, and is not located adjacent to a steep slope? (15% or greater)  The site does not contain sensitive areas, and is not located adjacent to a sensitive area? (stream, wetland, or lake)  Is dispersion not likely to cause or aggravate potential flooding or erosion	Parcel Number(s):		
Project Use: SFR MF COM COM/IND  Type of Drainage Review: Small Project Type II Targeted  Site Area (sq. ft.):  Roof Area (sq. ft.):  Applicants are required to evaluate the feasibility and applicability of full dispersion for roof area or an area of equivalent size on a project.  Feasibility items to consider for Dispersion  Does the site contain open space available for dispersion? (100ft flowpath)  The site does not contain steep slopes, and is not located adjacent to a steep slope? (15% or greater)  The site does not contain sensitive areas, and is not located adjacent to a sensitive area? (stream, wetland, or lake)  Is dispersion not likely to cause or aggravate potential flooding or erosion	Applicant/Decign Engineer Firm and Name		
Type of Drainage Review: Small Project Type II Targeted  Site Area (sq. ft.):  Roof Area (sq. ft.):  Applicants are required to evaluate the feasibility and applicability of full dispersion for roof area or an area of equivalent size on a project.  Feasibility items to consider for Dispersion  Peasibility items to consider for Dispersion  The site does not contain open space available for dispersion? (100ft flowpath)  The site does not contain steep slopes, and is not located adjacent to a steep slope? (15% or greater)  The site does not contain sensitive areas, and is not located adjacent to a sensitive area? (stream, wetland, or lake)  Is dispersion not likely to cause or aggravate potential flooding or erosion	Applicant/ Design Engineer Firm and Name:		
Applicants are required to evaluate the feasibility and applicability of <b>full dispersion</b> for roof area or an area of equivalent size on a project.  Feasibility items to consider for Dispersion  Does the site contain open space available for dispersion? (100ft flowpath)  The site does not contain steep slopes, and is not located adjacent to a steep slope? (15% or greater)  The site does not contain sensitive areas, and is not located adjacent to a sensitive area? (stream, wetland, or lake)  Is dispersion not likely to cause or aggravate potential flooding or erosion	Project Use: SFR MF COM COM/IND		
Applicants are required to evaluate the feasibility and applicability of <b>full dispersion</b> for roof area or an area of equivalent size on a project.  Feasibility items to consider for Dispersion  Does the site contain open space available for dispersion? (100ft flowpath)  The site does not contain steep slopes, and is not located adjacent to a steep slope? (15% or greater)  The site does not contain sensitive areas, and is not located adjacent to a sensitive area? (stream, wetland, or lake)  Is dispersion not likely to cause or aggravate potential flooding or erosion	Type of Drainage Review: Small Project Type II Targeted Targeted		
Applicants are required to evaluate the feasibility and applicability of <b>full dispersion</b> for roof area or an area of equivalent size on a project.  Feasibility items to consider for Dispersion  Does the site contain open space available for dispersion? (100ft flowpath)  The site does not contain steep slopes, and is not located adjacent to a steep slope? (15% or greater)  The site does not contain sensitive areas, and is not located adjacent to a sensitive area? (stream, wetland, or lake)  Is dispersion not likely to cause or aggravate potential flooding or erosion			
Feasibility items to consider for Dispersion  Does the site contain open space available for dispersion? (100ft flowpath)  The site does not contain steep slopes, and is not located adjacent to a steep slope? (15% or greater)  The site does not contain sensitive areas, and is not located adjacent to a sensitive area? (stream, wetland, or lake)  Is dispersion not likely to cause or aggravate potential flooding or erosion	Site Area (sq. π.):		
The site does not contain steep slopes, and is not located adjacent to a steep slope? (15% or greater)  The site does not contain sensitive areas, and is not located adjacent to a sensitive area? (stream, wetland, or lake)  Is dispersion not likely to cause or aggravate potential flooding or erosion	roof area or an area of equivalent size on a project.	V-s	
The site does not contain steep slopes, and is not located adjacent to a steep slope? (15% or greater)  The site does not contain sensitive areas, and is not located adjacent to a sensitive area? (stream, wetland, or lake)  Is dispersion not likely to cause or aggravate potential flooding or erosion	roof area or an area of equivalent size on a project.	T 3.4	
steep slope? (15% or greater)  The site does not contain sensitive areas, and is not located adjacent to a sensitive area? (stream, wetland, or lake)  Is dispersion not likely to cause or aggravate potential flooding or erosion	roof area or an area of equivalent size on a project.  Feasibility items to consider for Dispersion	Yes	No
The site does not contain sensitive areas, and is not located adjacent to a sensitive area? (stream, wetland, or lake)  Is dispersion not likely to cause or aggravate potential flooding or erosion	roof area or an area of equivalent size on a project.  Feasibility items to consider for Dispersion	Yes	No
sensitive area? (stream, wetland, or lake)  Is dispersion not likely to cause or aggravate potential flooding or erosion	roof area or an area of equivalent size on a project.  Feasibility items to consider for Dispersion  Does the site contain open space available for dispersion? (100ft flowpath)  The site does not contain steep slopes, and is not located adjacent to a	Yes	No
Is dispersion not likely to cause or aggravate potential flooding or erosion	roof area or an area of equivalent size on a project.  Feasibility items to consider for Dispersion  Does the site contain open space available for dispersion? (100ft flowpath)  The site does not contain steep slopes, and is not located adjacent to a steep slope? (15% or greater)	Yes	No
problems to neighboring properties?	Feasibility items to consider for Dispersion  Does the site contain open space available for dispersion? (100ft flowpath)  The site does not contain steep slopes, and is not located adjacent to a steep slope? (15% or greater)  The site does not contain sensitive areas, and is not located adjacent to a	Yes	No
	Feasibility items to consider for Dispersion  Does the site contain open space available for dispersion? (100ft flowpath)  The site does not contain steep slopes, and is not located adjacent to a steep slope? (15% or greater)  The site does not contain sensitive areas, and is not located adjacent to a sensitive area? (stream, wetland, or lake)	Yes	No
	Feasibility items to consider for Dispersion  Does the site contain open space available for dispersion? (100ft flowpath)  The site does not contain steep slopes, and is not located adjacent to a steep slope? (15% or greater)  The site does not contain sensitive areas, and is not located adjacent to a sensitive area? (stream, wetland, or lake)  Is dispersion not likely to cause or aggravate potential flooding or erosion problems to neighboring properties?	Yes	No
Comments	Feasibility items to consider for Dispersion  Does the site contain open space available for dispersion? (100ft flowpath)  The site does not contain steep slopes, and is not located adjacent to a steep slope? (15% or greater)  The site does not contain sensitive areas, and is not located adjacent to a sensitive area? (stream, wetland, or lake)  Is dispersion not likely to cause or aggravate potential flooding or erosion	Yes	No
Comments	Feasibility items to consider for Dispersion  Does the site contain open space available for dispersion? (100ft flowpath)  The site does not contain steep slopes, and is not located adjacent to a steep slope? (15% or greater)  The site does not contain sensitive areas, and is not located adjacent to a sensitive area? (stream, wetland, or lake)  Is dispersion not likely to cause or aggravate potential flooding or erosion problems to neighboring properties?	Yes	No
Is <b>full dispersion</b> of entire roof area (or an equivalent area) feasible? Yes \( \sqrt{N} \) No	Feasibility items to consider for Dispersion  Does the site contain open space available for dispersion? (100ft flowpath)  The site does not contain steep slopes, and is not located adjacent to a steep slope? (15% or greater)  The site does not contain sensitive areas, and is not located adjacent to a sensitive area? (stream, wetland, or lake)  Is dispersion not likely to cause or aggravate potential flooding or erosion problems to neighboring properties?  Comments		

Fea	sibility items to consider for Infiltration	Yes	No
Has	a soil report/evaluation been prepared for the site?		
If so	o, does the soil report/evaluation indicate soil favorable for infiltration? (Type A or B)		
Doe	s the UW soils map information indicate soil favorable for infiltration? Use the website		
belo	w if a soil report or evaluation has not been prepared.		
	://geomapnw.ess.washington.edu/index.php?toc=maintoc&body=services/geodata/geodata.htm site does not contain steep slopes, and is not located adjacent to a steep slope?		
	% or greater)		
	site does not contain sensitive areas, and is not located adjacent to a sensitive area?		
	eam, wetland, or lake)		
Is in	filtration not likely to cause or aggravate potential flooding problems to neighboring		
prop	perties?		
Com	ments		
ls <b>fu</b>	Ill infiltration of entire roof area (or equivalent area) feasible?	No 🗌	
3.	Are there factors other than site constraints that would make full dispersion or inf feasible for this site (like engineering limitations or financial costs)? Yes	iltration No 🗌	not
	If yes, provide explanation		
4.	If both full dispersion and full infiltration is not feasible, then <b>one or more of the below must be applied</b> for an area equal to 10% of this project site for sites up and 20% for sites between 11,000ft <sup>2</sup> and 22,000ft <sup>2</sup> . Select which LID BMP option this project (listed in order of preference):	to 11,	000ft <sup>2</sup> ,
	Limited Infiltration (Appendix C, section C.2.3)		
	Basic Dispersion (Appendix C, section C.2.4)		
	Rain Garden (Appendix C, section C.2.5)		
	Permeable Pavement (Appendix C, section C.2.6)		
	Rainwater Harvesting (Appendix C, section C.2.7)		
	☐ Vegetated Roof (Appendix C, section C.2.8)		
	Reduced Impervious Surface Credit (Appendix C, section C.2.9) The reduction in impervious surface area below maximum lot coverage must be a covenant and/or alternative design of impervious surface area. Reduction technic restricted footprint, wheel strip driveways, minimum disturbance foundation, and over pervious surface. See specific criteria in section C.2.9.	ues incl	ude:
	Native Growth Retention Credit (Appendix C, section C.2.10) Credit for preserving native growth at the rate of 1 sq ft impervious requires 3.5 s vegetated surface.	sq ft of n	ative



# Stormwater Low Impact Development (LID) Feasibility Evaluation Worksheet Full Project Review

The purpose of this form is to assist the applicant evaluate the feasibility of stormwater LID. This form should be submitted along with the permit application. The need for minimum flow control and water quality treatment measures still applies to the project, regardless of LID feasibility.

roject Name:				
roject Address:				
arcel Number(s):				
pplicant/Design Eng	jineer Firn	n and Name:		
		MEC COM/IND		
Project Use:	SFR	MF COM COM/IND		
ite Area (sq. ft.):		Target Impervious Surface <sup>1</sup> Area (sq. ft.):		
. Applicants are req	e area on	valuate the feasibility and applicability of <b>full disp</b> a project.	persion Yes	n for a
Applicants are req     impervious surface	e area on	valuate the feasibility and applicability of <b>full disp</b> a project.	·	_
Applicants are req impervious surfact  Feasibility items to	e area on conside	valuate the feasibility and applicability of <b>full disp</b> a project.  er for Dispersion	·	_
Applicants are req impervious surfact  Feasibility items to	e area on conside	valuate the feasibility and applicability of <b>full disp</b> a project.	·	
1. Applicants are requimpervious surface  Feasibility items to Does the site contain  The site does not co	o conside n open spa	valuate the feasibility and applicability of <b>full disp</b> a project.  er for Dispersion	·	
1. Applicants are requimpervious surface  Feasibility items to Does the site contain The site does not co slope? (15% or greater)	o consident open spantain steel	valuate the feasibility and applicability of <b>full disp</b> a project.  er for Dispersion ace available for dispersion? (100ft flowpath) p slopes, and is not located adjacent to a steep	·	
1. Applicants are requimpervious surface  Feasibility items to Does the site contain The site does not coslope? (15% or great The site does not coslope to coslope) the site does not coslope to coslope the site does not coslope to coslope the site does not coslope to coslope the site does not coslope the	o consident open spanntain steel ontain sens	valuate the feasibility and applicability of <b>full disp</b> a project.  er for Dispersion ace available for dispersion? (100ft flowpath) p slopes, and is not located adjacent to a steep sitive areas, and is not located adjacent to a	·	
1. Applicants are requimpervious surface  Feasibility items to Does the site contain  The site does not co slope? (15% or greather of the site does not consensitive area? (streather of the site does not consensitive area.)	n open spantain steepater) ontain sensam, wetlar	valuate the feasibility and applicability of <b>full disp</b> a project.  er for Dispersion ace available for dispersion? (100ft flowpath) p slopes, and is not located adjacent to a steep sitive areas, and is not located adjacent to a	·	

2.	Are there factors other than site constraints that would make full dispersion or infiltration not feasible for this site (like engineering limitations or financial costs)? Yes No					
	If yes, provide explanation					
3.	For that portion of the target impervious surface where full dispersion is not feasible, then <b>one or more of the BMPs listed below must be applied</b> to a portion of the site's impervious surface area, based on the amount of impervious area on site:					
	• For projects with 45% to 65% impervious in the developed condition, apply at least 1 LID BMP to at least 20% of the site/lot area or 40% of the target impervious surface (whichever is less).					
	• For projects with more than 65% impervious in the developed condition, apply at least 1 LID BMP to at least 10% of the site/lot area or 20% of the target impervious surface (whichever is less).					
	Select which LID BMP option is proposed for this project (listed in order of preference):					
	☐ Full Infiltration (Section 5.4)					
	☐ Limited Infiltration (Appendix C, section C.2.3)					
	☐ Basic Dispersion (Appendix C, section C.2.4)					
	Rain Garden (Appendix C, section C.2.5)					
	Permeable Pavement (Appendix C, section C.2.6)					
	Rainwater Harvesting (Appendix C, section C.2.7)					
	☐ Vegetated Roof (Appendix C, section C.2.8)					
	Reduced Impervious Surface Credit (Appendix C, section C.2.9) The reduction in impervious surface area below maximum lot coverage must be assured through covenant and/or alternative design of impervious surface area. Reduction techniques include: restricted footprint, wheel strip driveways, minimum disturbance foundation, and open grid decking over pervious surface. See specific criteria in section C.2.9.					
	Native Growth Retention Credit (Appendix C, section C.2.10)  Credit for preserving native growth at the rate of 1 sq ft impervious requires 3.5 sq ft of native vegetated surface – in other words, for every 3.5 sq ft of native vegetation area preserved, 1 sq ft of target impervious surface may be credited as mitigated.					